Introduced by Senator Mountjoy

February 18, 1998

An act to add Section 7085.1 to the Business and Professions Code, relating to arbitration of contractor disputes.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 1792, as introduced, Mountjoy. Contractors: arbitration of disputes.

The Contractors' State License Law provides that the Registrar of Contractors may refer specified complaints regarding contractors to arbitration if certain conditions are met, including the existence of evidence that the complainant has suffered or is likely to suffer damages greater than \$5,000 and less than \$25,000, and the concurrence of both parties to the referral.

This bill would authorize the registrar to also refer a complaint to arbitration that exceeds \$25,000 in damages to the complainant, if the complaint otherwise meets the conditions applicable to a referral to arbitration and both parties submit a written petition containing specified information that is acceptable to the registrar.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Section 7085.1 is added to the Business 2 and Professions Code, to read:

SB 1792

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7085.1. (a) If the registrar determines that complainant has suffered or is likely to suffer damages in excess of the maximum amount applicable to material damages, as that term is defined in Section 7085, but that the complaint otherwise would be eligible for arbitration pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section 7085, the complaint may be referred to arbitration, provided that the parties submit a written petition that complies with subdivision (b) and is acceptable to the registrar.

- (b) A petition submitted under this section shall be signed by both parties. The petition shall also include each of the following:
- (1) A statement that acknowledges that each party 14 understands that an arbitration hearing is intended to settle disputes in a manner that is as expedient, equitable, 16 and reasonable as possible without litigating the matter in a court, and that the rules of arbitration provide arbitrators with broad discretion in their decisions and that the results obtained in arbitration are likely to be considerably different than if the parties had litigated the dispute in court.
- 22 (2) A statement that the parties agree to be bound by 23 all of the laws and rules applicable to arbitration proceedings, arbitration awards, and compliance requirements that are administered under this chapter.